

Cooperative Communications for 5G Wireless Systems

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Overview

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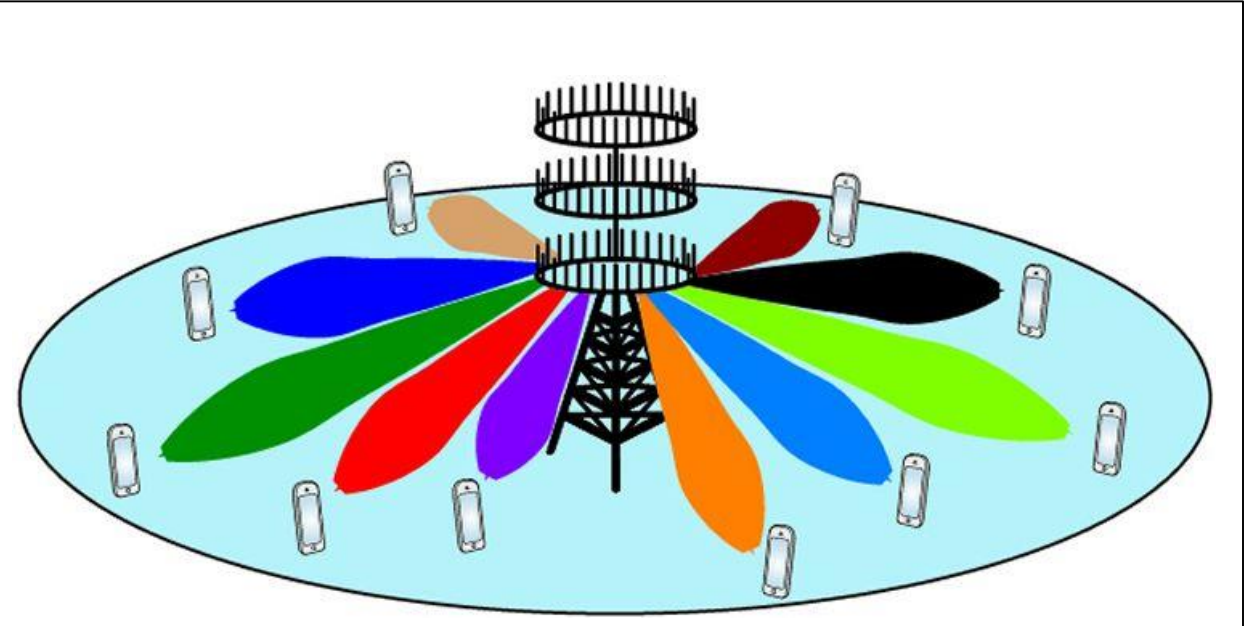
Demand for Wireless Data



[1] (2019) Cisco visual networking index: Global mobile data traffic forecast update, 2017–2022 white paper. Cisco Systems, Inc. [Online]. Available: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/solutions/collateral/service-provider/visual-networking-index-vni/white-paper-c11-738429.html>

Massive MIMO

- Large number of antennas.
- Linear beamforming.
- High SE and high EE.
 - SE- Number of bits per second in a unit of bandwidth.
 - EE- Number of bits per unit energy consumption



<https://5g.co.uk/guides/what-is-massive-mimo-technology/>

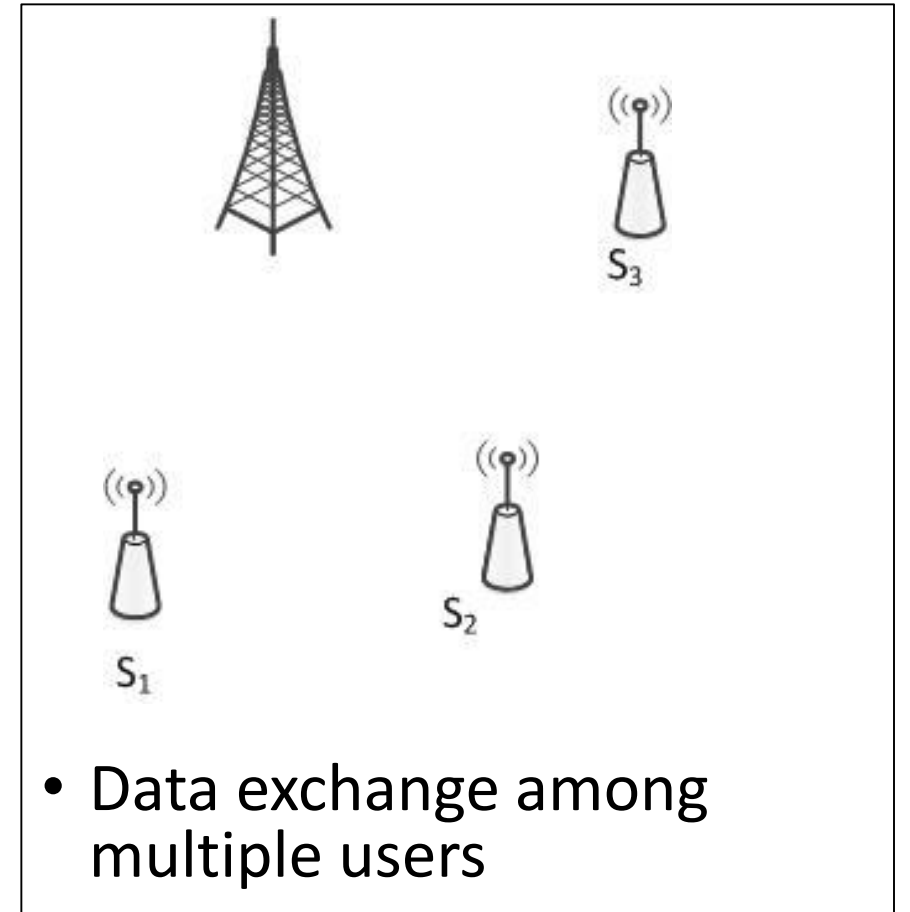
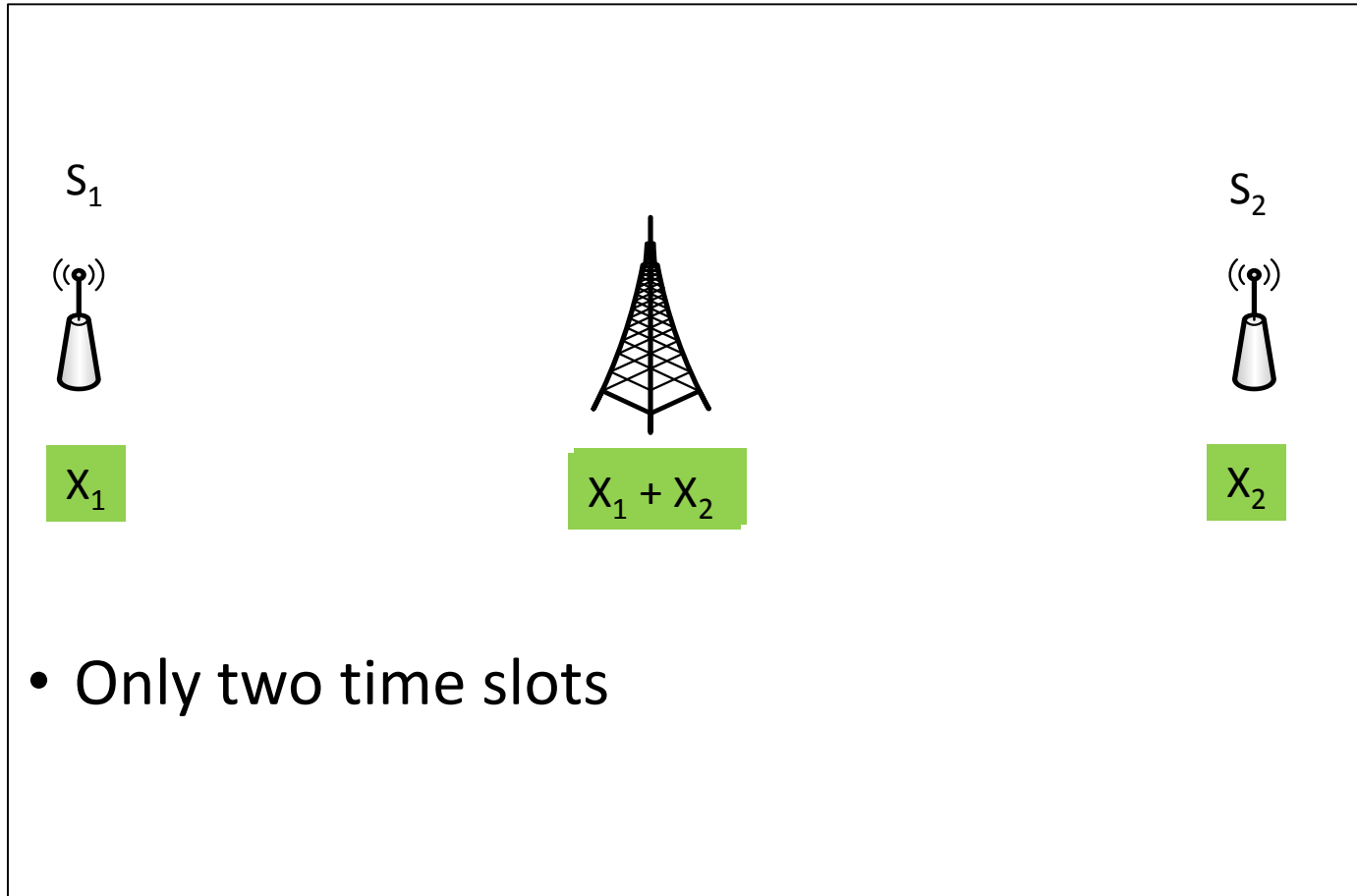
Cooperative Communications

- Improves

- Connectivity.
- Spectrum efficiency.
- Energy efficiency.
- Flexibility.

- Two-way Relay networks (TWRNs).
- Multi-way relay networks (MWRNs).
- Relay selection.
- Cognitive Radio (CR).
- Non-orthogonal multiple access (NOMA).

TWRNs and MWRNs



Research Problem 1:

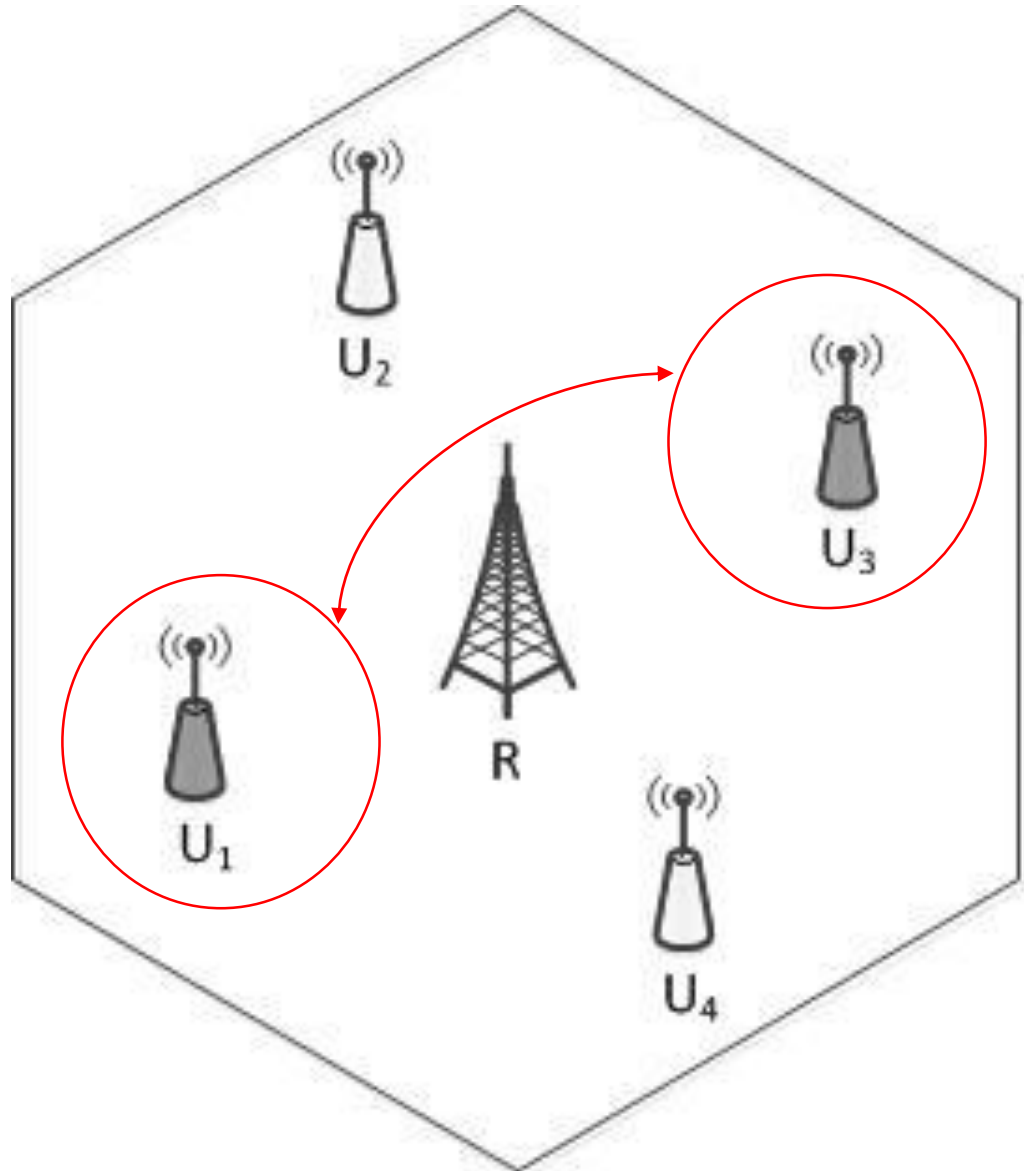
Performance Analysis of mMIMO TWRNs with Channel Imperfections

[P1] S. Silva, G. Amarasuriya, C. Tellambura and M. Ardakani, "Massive MIMO two-way relay networks with channel imperfections," 2016 IEEE International Conference on Communications (ICC), Kuala Lumpur, 2016, pp. 1-7.

[P2] S. Silva, G. A. A. Baduge, M. Ardakani and C. Tellambura, "Performance Analysis of Massive MIMO Two-Way Relay Networks With Pilot Contamination, Imperfect CSI, and Antenna Correlation," in IEEE Transactions on Vehicular Technology, vol. 67, no. 6, pp. 4831-4842, June 2018.

Problem Statement

- Major Goals
 - Improve spectral efficiency.
 - Analyse CCI, CSI, pilot contamination, and antenna correlation.
 - Obtain closed form results.



Significance and contribution

- Limitations of [2,3,4]:

- Perfect CSI [2,3].
- single cell [2,3,4].
- No antenna correlation [2,3,4].

- This Work:

- Multiple TWRNs.
- CCI, Imperfect CSI, and pilot contamination.
- Antenna correlation.
- Closed-form solutions.

[2] H. Cui et al., "Multi-pair two-way amplify-and-forward relaying with very large number of relay antennas," IEEE Trans. Wireless Commun., vol. 13, no. 5, May 2014.

[3] S. Jin et al., "Ergodic rate analysis for multipair massive MIMO two-way relay networks," IEEE Trans. Wireless Commun., vol. 14, no. 3, Mar. 2015.

[4] J. Yang et al., "Spectral and energy efficiency for massive MIMO multi-pair two-way relay networks with ZFR/ZFT and imperfect CSI," in 2015 21st Asia-Pacific Conference on Communications (APCC), Oct. 2015.

Summary of Results

- Obtain closed-form solutions for sum rate.
- Mitigate CCI using massive MIMO.
- Analyse effect of pilot contamination.
- Analyse effect of Imperfect CSI.
- Analyse the detrimental effect of antenna correlation.

Research Problem 2:

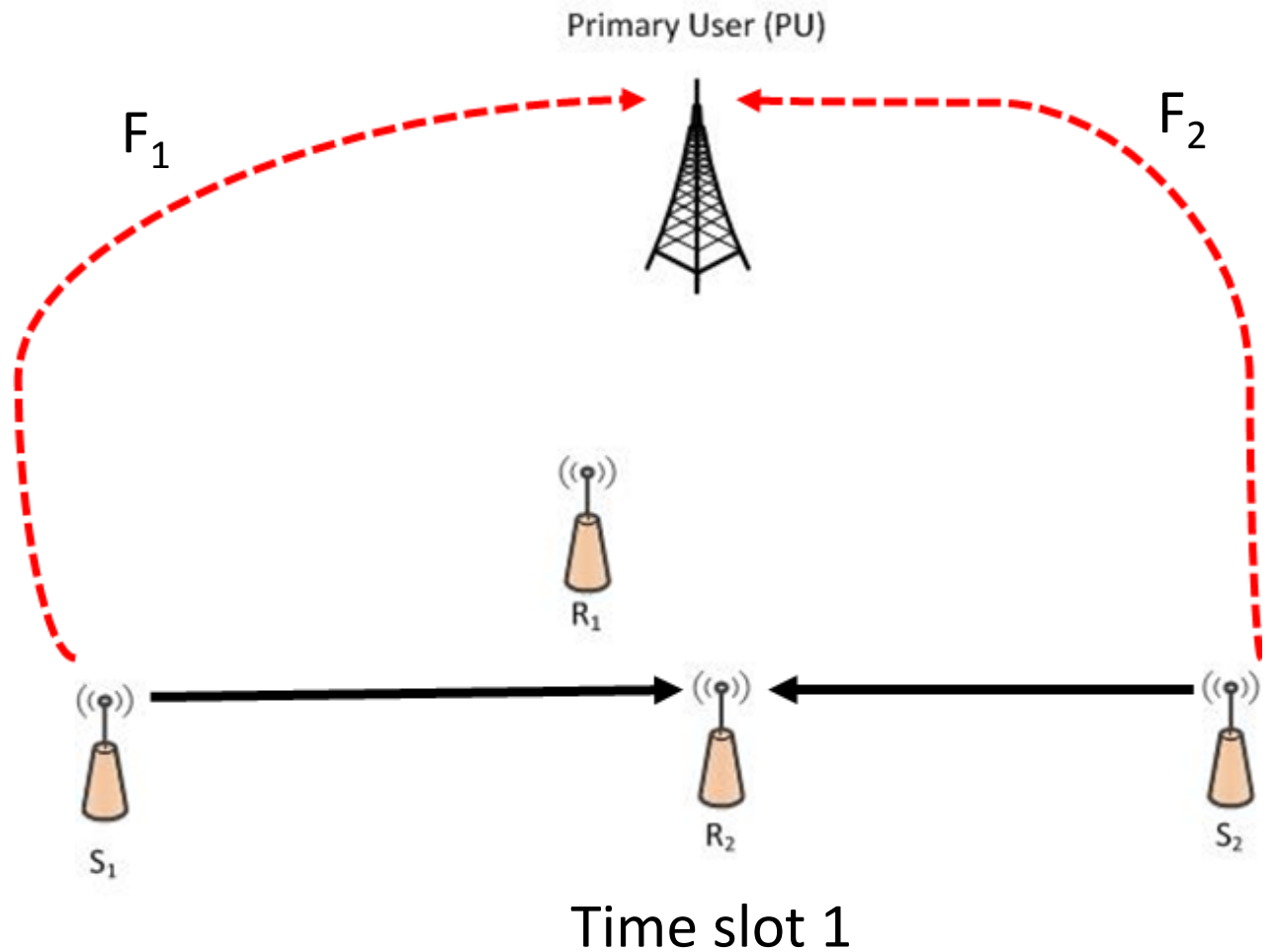
Massive MIMO and Relay Selection in Cognitive TWRNs

[P3] S. Silva, M. Ardakani and C. Tellambura, " Interference Suppression and Energy Efficiency Improvement with Massive MIMO and Relay Selection in Cognitive Two-way Relay Networks," in *IEEE Transactions on Green Communications and Networking*, 2020.

[P4] S. Silva, M. Ardakani and C. Tellambura, "Relay Selection for Cognitive Massive MIMO Two-Way Relay Networks," 2017 IEEE Wireless Communications and Networking Conference (WCNC), San Francisco, CA, 2017, pp. 1-6

Problem Statement

- Major Goals
 - Cognitive TWRNs.
 - Improve SE
 - Analyse EE



Significance and contribution

- Past Works:

- Three time slots [5,6].

- This Work:

- Only two time slots.
- Interference controlled by power scaling.
- Relay selection
- Energy efficiency analysis.

[5] T. T. Duy et al., "Exact outage probability of cognitive two-way relaying scheme with opportunistic relay selection under interference constraint," IET Communications, vol. 6, no. 16, Nov. 2012.

[6] K. B. Fredj et al., "Performance of spectrum-sharing constrained two-way relaying," in 2014 IEEE Wireless Communications and Networking Conference (WCNC), Apr. 2014.

Analytical Results

- Interference on the PU

$$I_{1,k} = P_{1,k} \mathbf{Tr} (\mathbf{F}_1^H \mathbf{F}_1) + P_{2,k} \mathbf{Tr} (\mathbf{F}_2^H \mathbf{F}_2) \leq I_t. \quad (1)$$

$$I_{2,k} = P_{R_k} \mathbf{Tr} (\mathbf{G}_k^H \mathbf{G}_k) \leq I_t. \quad (2)$$

- Power scaling method-2

$$P_{i,k} = \frac{E_{i,k}}{N_i}. \quad (3)$$

- Optimum power allocation

$$E_{1,k}^* = \frac{C_k}{(1 + \delta) N} I_t. \quad (4)$$

Analytical Results

- Asymptotic Sum rate

$$\bar{\mathcal{R}}_k^{\infty,*} = \left(1 - \frac{\Gamma\left(NN_{R_k}, \frac{I_t}{\eta_k E_{R_k}}\right)}{\Gamma(NN_{R_k})} \right) N_{R_k} \log \left(1 + \frac{D_k N_{R_k}}{(1 + \delta) N} I_t \right) \quad (5)$$

↑
Outage Probability

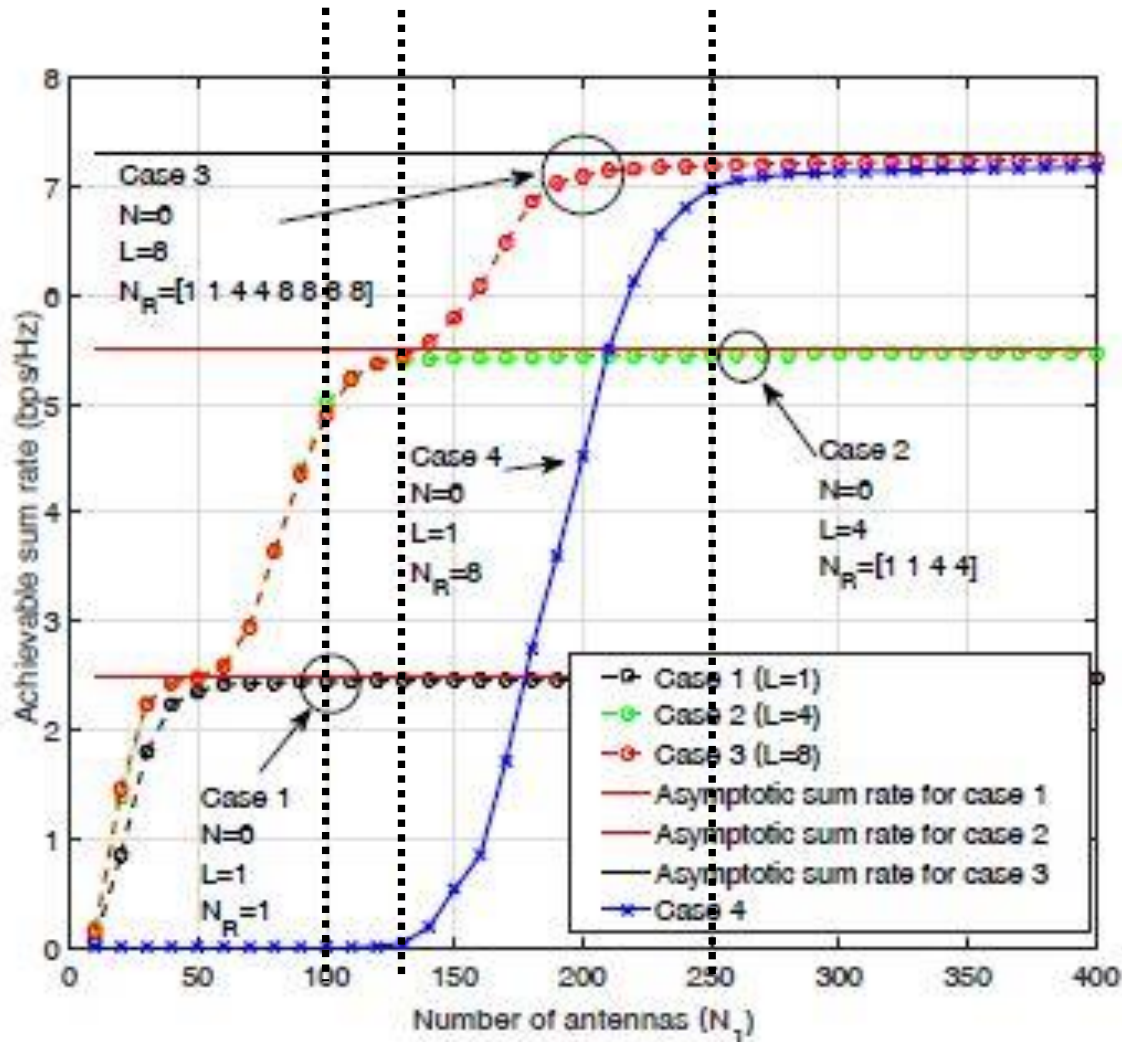
↑
Spatial multiplexing

↑
Asymptotic SINR

N- Number of PU antennas

η_k - Pathloss between PU and the relay

Results



- Asymptotic rate depends on N_{R_k}
- Cut-off value for antennas.

Research Problem 3:

NOMA-Aided Multi-Way mMIMO Relaying

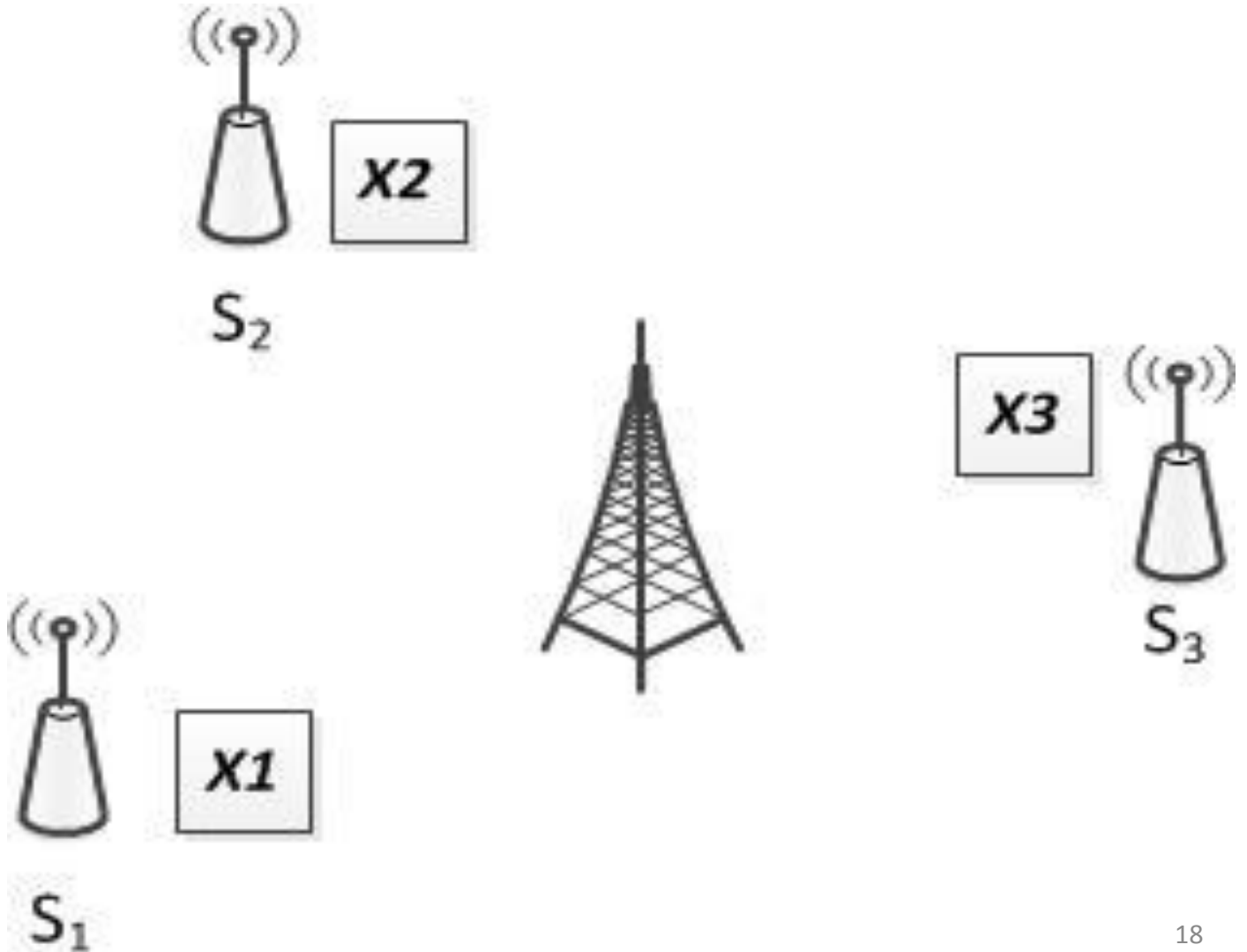
[P5] S. Silva, G. A. A. Baduge, M. Ardakani and C. Tellambura, "NOMA-Aided Multi-Way massive MIMO Relay Networks," 2019 IEEE International Conference on Communications (ICC), Shanghai, China, 2019, pp. 1-6.

[P6] S. Silva, G. A. A. Baduge, M. Ardakani and C. Tellambura, "NOMA-Aided Multi-Way Massive MIMO Relaying," accepted for publication in IEEE Transactions on Communications, 2020.

Problem Statement

- Major Goals

- Reduce time-slot growth from $O(K)$ to $O(1)$
- Improve SE.



Significance and contribution

- Past Works:

- Requires K time slots [7].
- Reduces to $K/2$ [8].

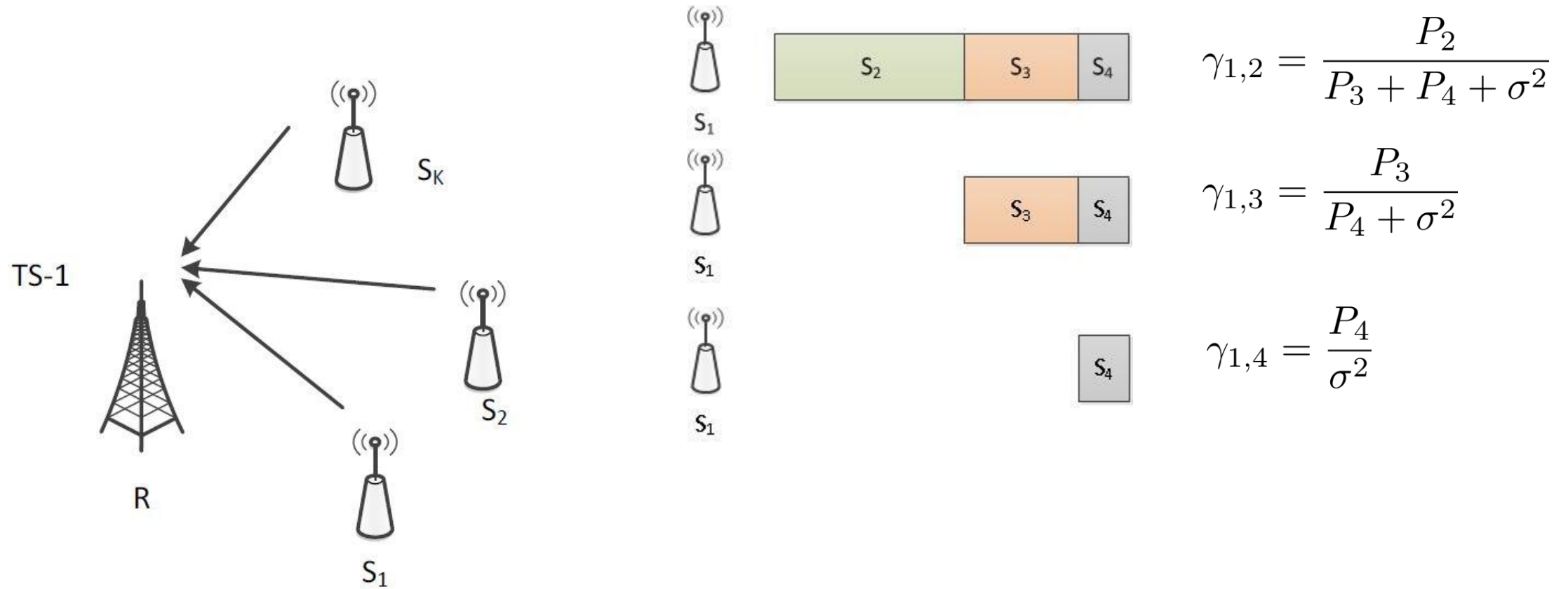
- This Work:

- **Two time slots.**
- Power allocation for user fairness.
- Imperfect successive interference cancellation.
- Energy efficiency.

[7] D. P. Kudathanthirige et al., "Multicell multiway massive MIMO relay networks," IEEE Trans. Veh. Technol., vol. 66, no. 8, Aug. 2017

[8] C. D. Ho et al., "On the performance of zero-forcing processing in multi-way massive MIMO relay networks," IEEE Commun. Lett., vol. 21, no. 4, Apr. 2017.

Proposed MWRN scheme



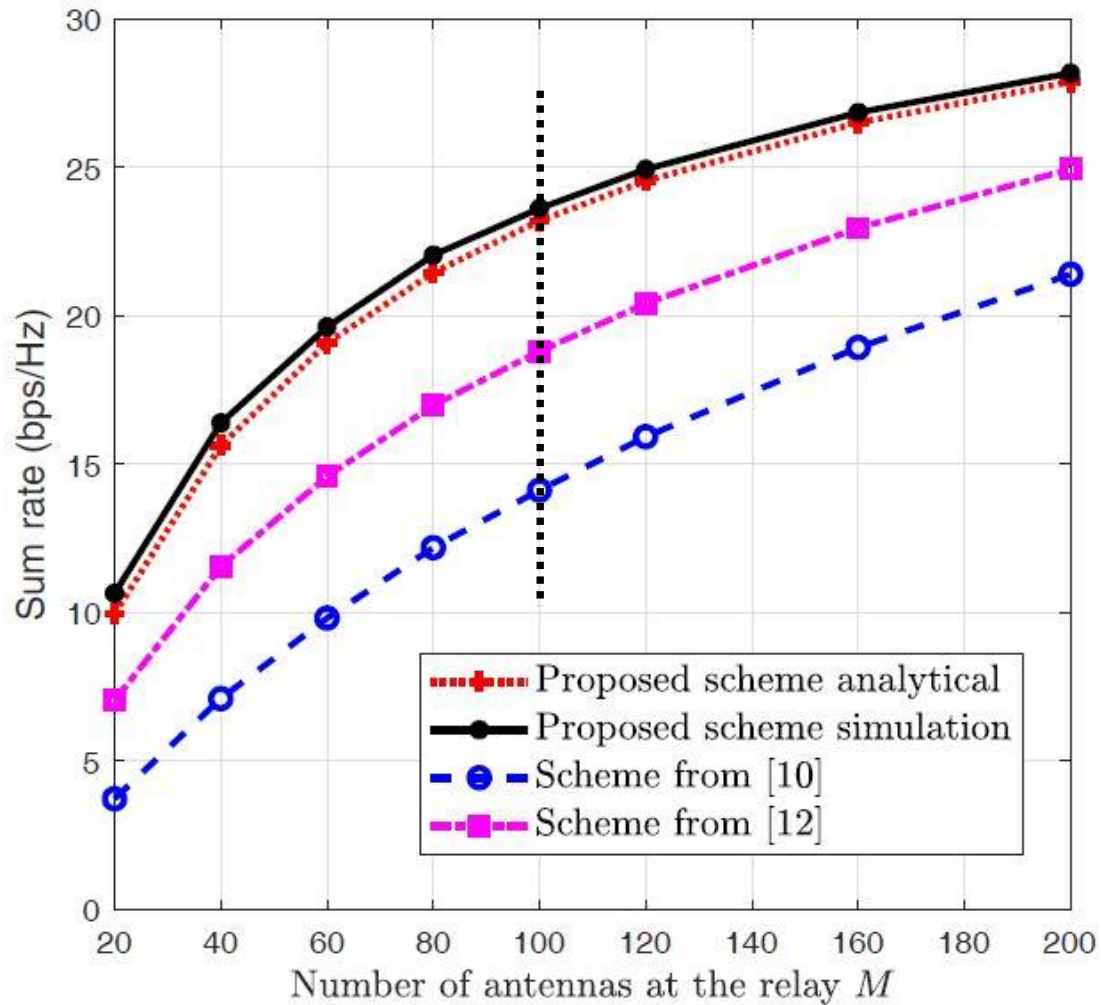
Analytical Results

- Sum rate

$$\mathcal{R}_{k, f_k(n)} = \frac{(T_C - \tau)}{2T_C} \log \left(1 + \frac{\Psi^2 P \alpha_{f_k(n)} M_{k,n}^2}{\Psi^2 \left(P \alpha_{f_k(n)} N_{k,n} + \sum_{m=n+1}^{K-1} P \alpha_{f_k(m)} P_{k,m} + \sum_{m'=1}^{n-1} P \alpha_{f_k(m')} R_{k,m'} + \sigma_R^2 Q_k \right) + \sigma_k^2} \right).$$

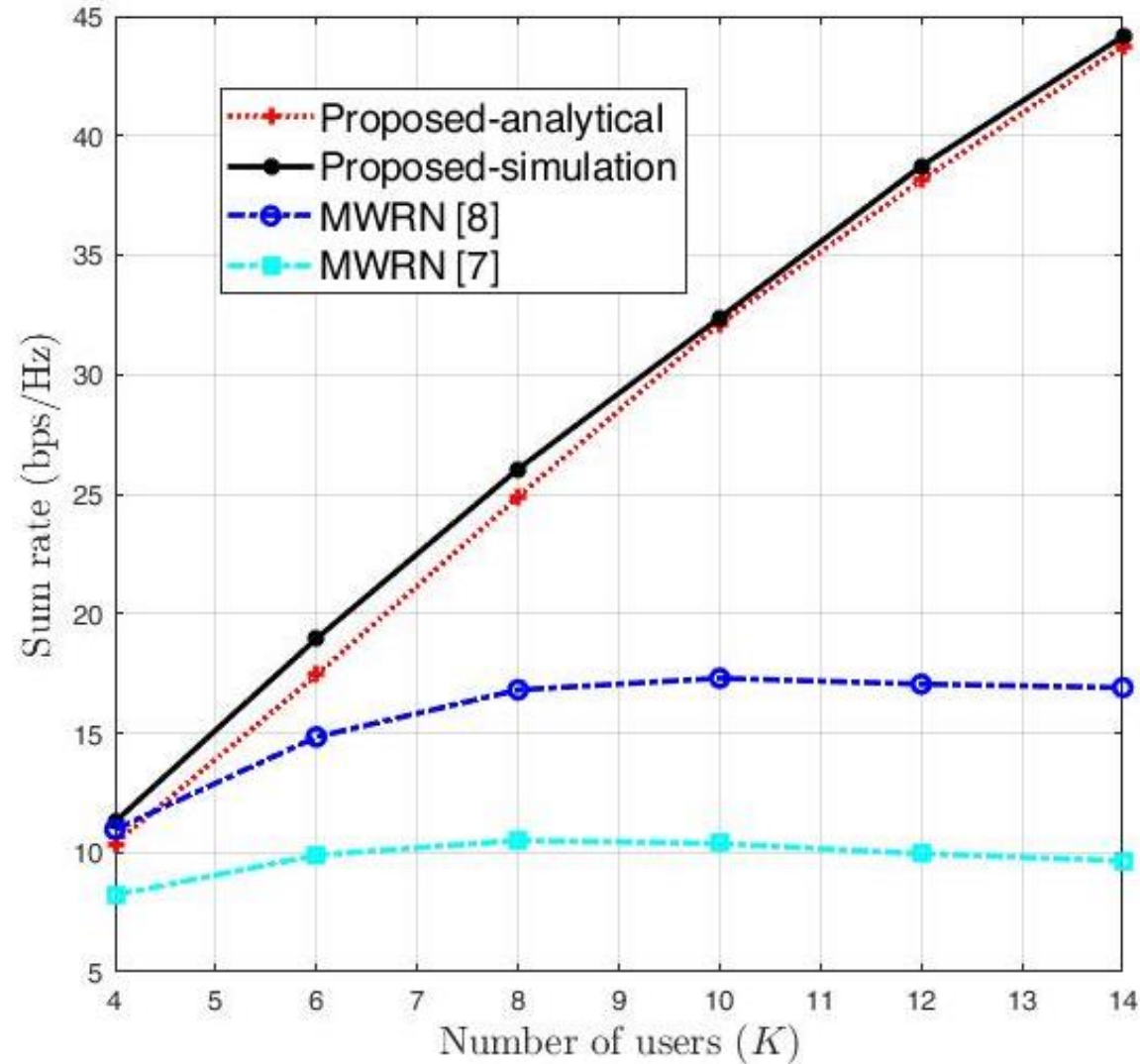
$\mathcal{R}_{k, f_k(n)}$ is labeled as N^{th} decoding at k^{th} user.
 $\frac{(T_C - \tau)}{2T_C}$ is labeled as Effects of pilot training.
 Ψ^2 is labeled as Amplification factor.
 $\sum_{m=n+1}^{K-1} P \alpha_{f_k(m)} P_{k,m}$ is labeled as Effect of SIC.
 $\sum_{m'=1}^{n-1} P \alpha_{f_k(m')} R_{k,m'} + \sigma_R^2 Q_k$ is labeled as Effect of imperfect SIC.

Results



- At 100 antennas
 - 27% gain
 - 65% gain

Results



- Sum rate increases with the number of users !

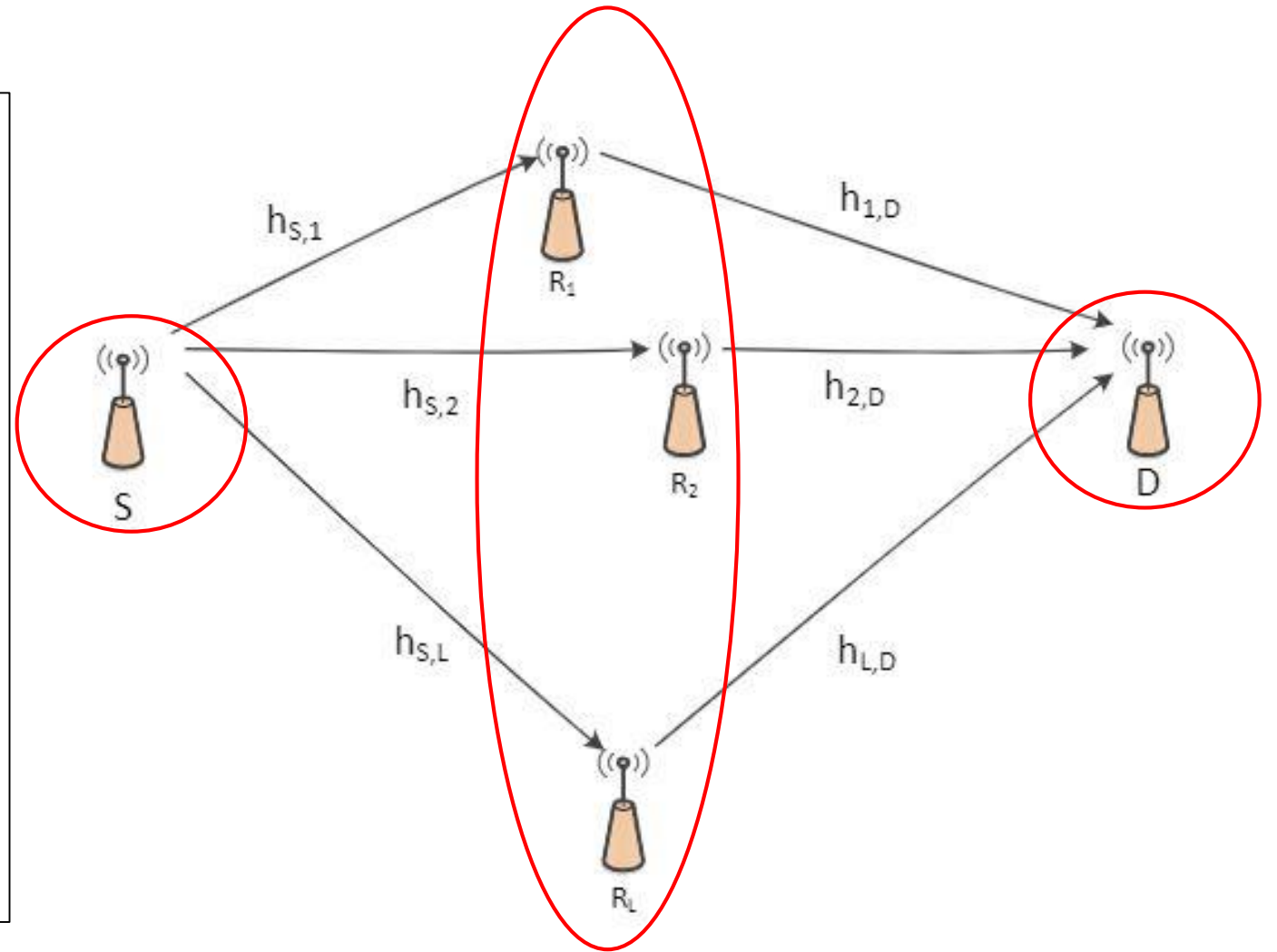
Research Problem 4:

Machine Learning for Multiple Relay Selection

Problem Statement

- Major Goals

- Reduce relay selection complexity.
- Achieve full diversity order.
- Obtain high accuracy.



Significance and contribution

- Past Works with ML:

- ML for antenna selection[10]
- ML for multiple relay selection [11].

- This Work:

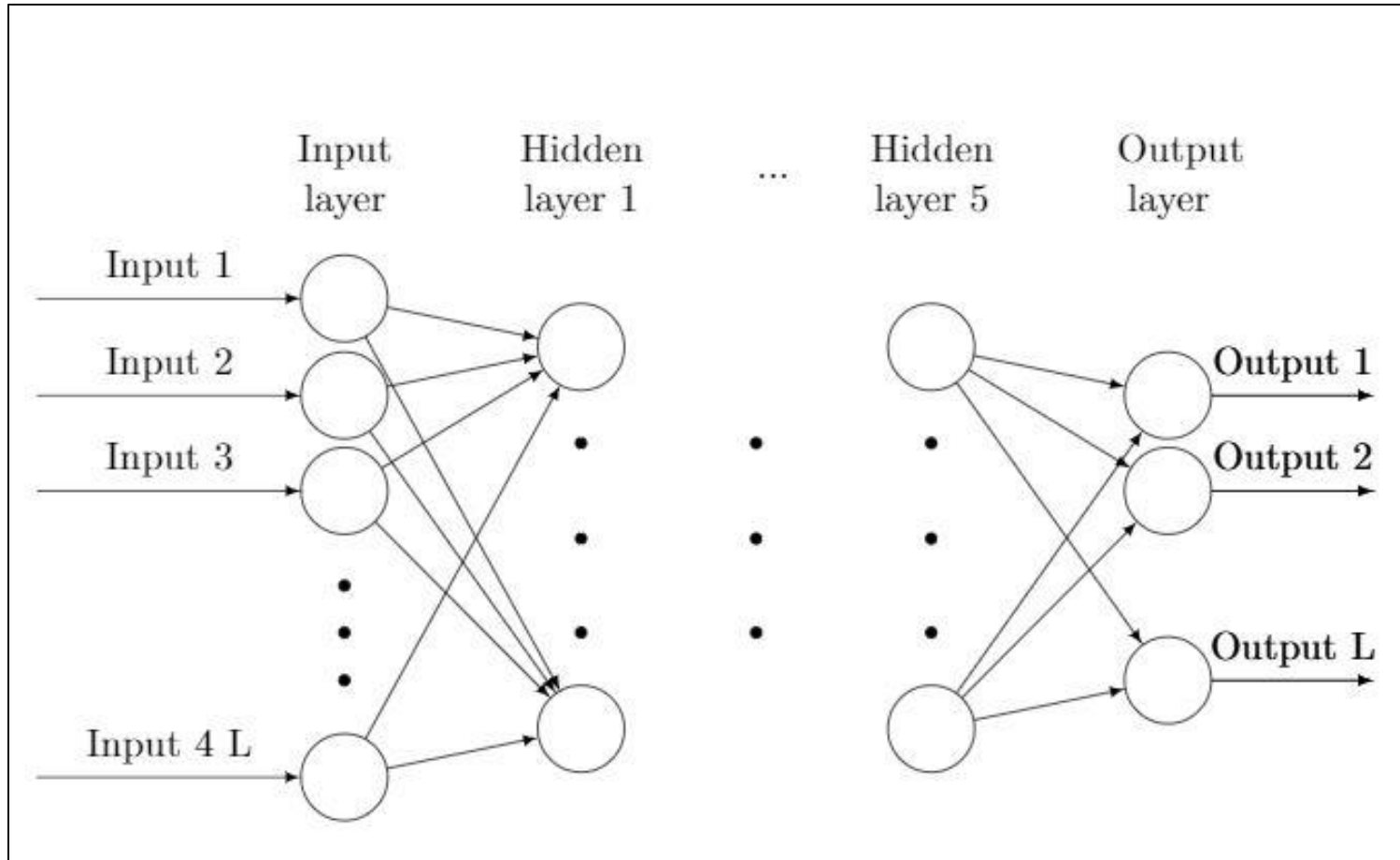
- Full diversity.
- Linear complexity.
- 96% classification accuracy.
- 99% sum rate accuracy.

[9] Y. Jing et al., "Single and multiple relay selection schemes and their achievable diversity orders," *IEEE Trans. Wireless Commun.*, vol. 8, no. 3, pp. 1414–1423, Mar. 2009.

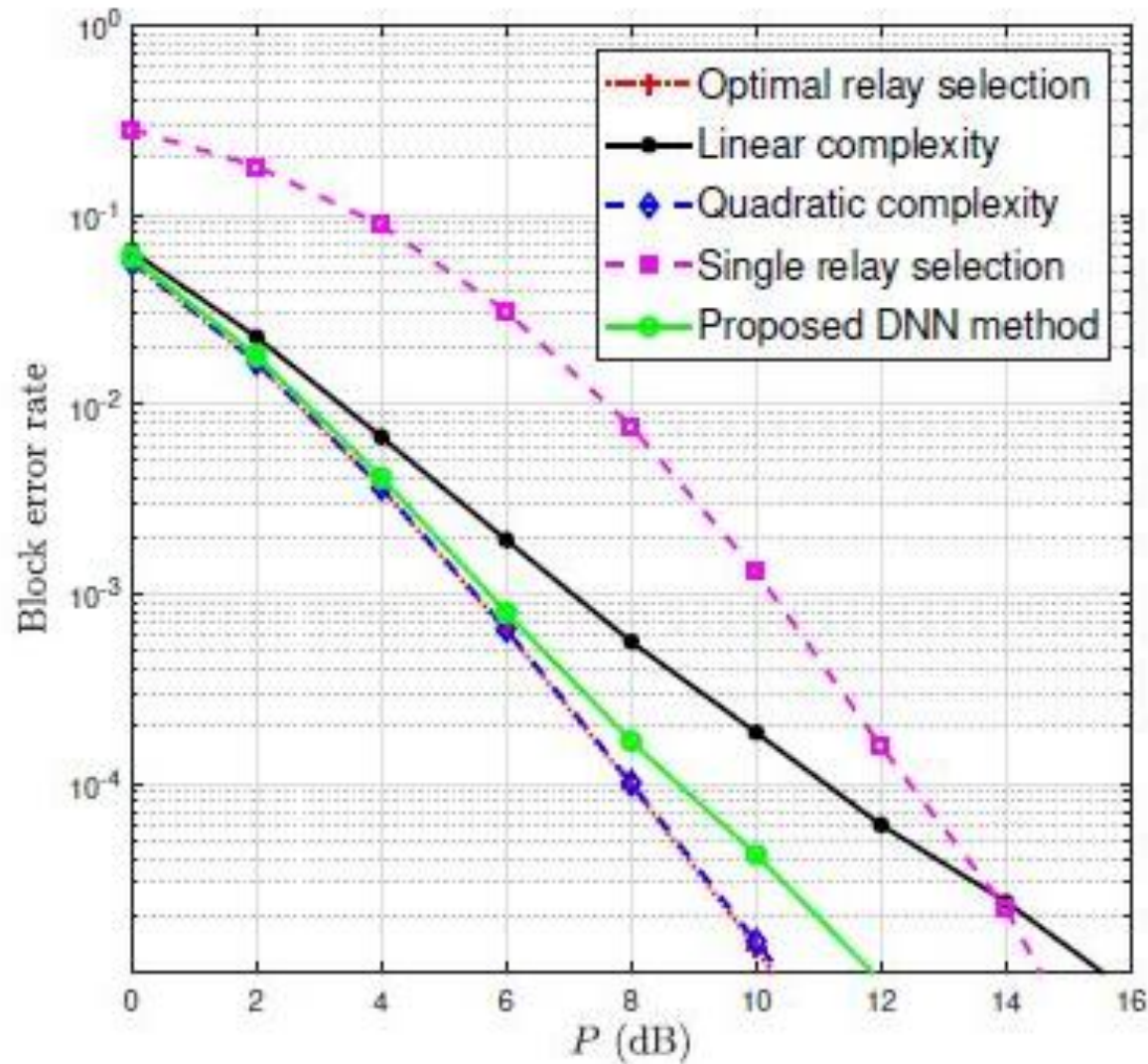
[10] J. Joung, "Machine learning-based antenna selection in wireless communications," *IEEE Communications Letters*, vol. 20, no. 11, pp. 2241–2244, Nov 2016.

[11] A. Gouissem et al., "Machine-learning based relay selection in AF cooperative networks," in *2019 IEEE Wireless Communications and Networking Conference (WCNC)*, April 2019, pp. 1–7.

Deep Neural Network (DNN) based Solution

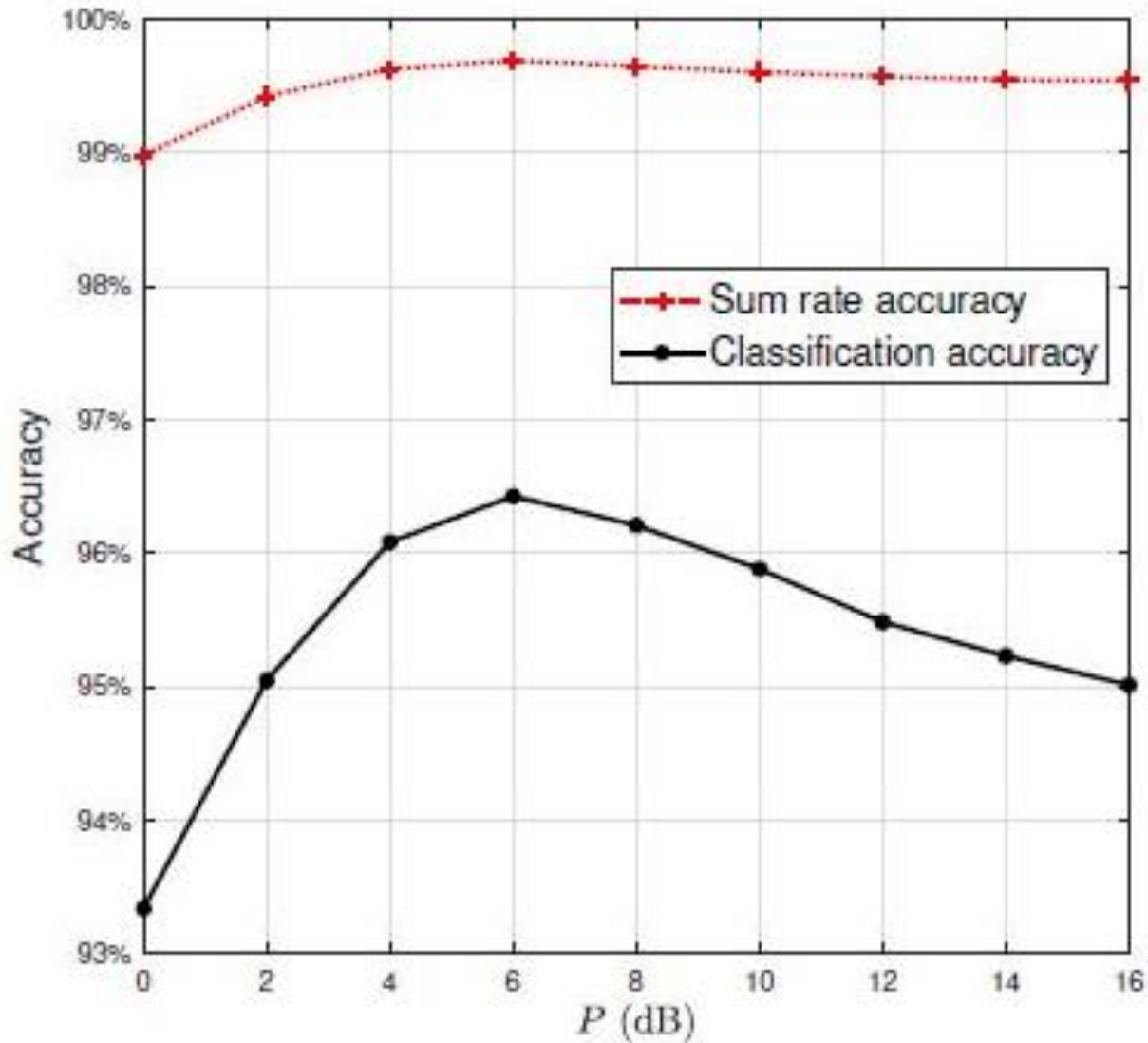


Results



- Optimal diversity order.

Results



- 99% sum rate accuracy.
- 96% classification accuracy.

Future work

- Multi-pair TWRNs in a cell free massive MIMO system.
- TWRNs and relay selection under overlay and interweave CR systems.
- Power allocation to achieve different data rates for MWRN users.
- Other machine learning methods for relay selection.

Conclusions

- In mMIMO multi-pair TWRNs, the performance is degraded by CCI, pilot contamination, imperfect CSI, and antenna correlation.
- TWRN operation is possible in underlay cognitive settings.
- Full data exchange in MWRNs can be enabled in two time slots.
- Machine learning can be successfully utilized to design multiple relay selection schemes.

Thank You